

AMENDMENTS

Amendments to the Claims

Please amend the claims according to the following listing of the claims.

Listing of the claims

1. – 9. (canceled).
10. (currently amended) A process for producing an excipient adapted for use in a solid pharmaceutical dosage form, wherein said excipient is in the form of a free-flowing powder and consists essentially of:

a pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, wherein the polymer is a homo- or copolymer of N-vinylpyrrolidone, which is a water-soluble polymer with Fikentscher K values of from 12 to 100, and

from 10 to 50% by weight, based on the total weight of said excipient, of a liquid or semisolid solubilizing surface-active substance, comprising ethoxylated sorbitan fatty acid esters, or the products of the reaction of ethylene oxide with castor oil, hydrogenated castor oil or with 12-hydroxystearic acid,

wherein the polymer in the excipient is a homo- or copolymer of N-vinylpyrrolidone, which is a water-soluble polymer with Fikentscher K values of from 12 to 100;

which comprises said process comprising either:

spray-drying a solution comprising the surface-active substance and the pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, or

processing the polymer and the surface-active substance in an extruder to obtain a homogeneous melt and subsequently converting the melt into the free-flowing powder.

11. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient comprises a surface-active substance which has a drop point in the range from 20 to 40°C.
12. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient comprises a surface-active substance which has an HLB of from 10 to 15.
13. (canceled)
14. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient comprises from 15 to 40% by weight of the surface-active substance.
15. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient comprises ethoxylated sorbitan fatty acid esters as surface-active substances.
16. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient comprises the products of the reaction of ethylene oxide with castor oil, hydrogenated castor oil or with 12-hydroxystearic acid as surface active substance.
17. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient comprises from 20 to 30% by weight of the surface-active substances.
18. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the excipient is in the form of a free-flowing powder of particles having a particle size of from 10 to 1000 μ .

19. (canceled)
20. (previously presented) The process according to claim 10, wherein the surface-active substance of the excipient is a non-ionic compound.
21. (previously presented) The process of claim 10, wherein said excipient is free of pigment.
22. (currently amended) A process for producing a free-flowing powder excipient for use in a solid pharmaceutical dosage form comprising consisting essentially of:
a pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, and
from 10 to 50% by weight, based on the total weight of the excipient, of a liquid or semisolid solubilizing surface-active substance, wherein
the pharmaceutically acceptable polymer in the excipient is a homo- or copolymer of N-vinylpyrrolidone, and
is a water-soluble polymer with Fikentscher K values of from 12 to 100
the process comprising producing the free-flowing powder excipient by one of:
spray-drying a solution comprising the surface-active substance and the pharmaceutically acceptable polymer, or
extruding the polymer and the surface-active substance to obtain a homogeneous melt and subsequently converting the melt into the free-flowing powder, wherein
the surface active substance is in a suitable concentration to keep the excipient free flowing.
23. (previously presented) The process of claim 22, wherein the concentration of surface active substance is 15 to 40% by weight based on the weight of the excipient.
24. (previously presented) The process of claim 22, wherein the concentration of

surface active substance is 20 to 30% by weight based on the weight of the excipient.

25. (canceled)

26. (canceled)

27. (canceled)

28. (canceled)